

Paper: 1MA1/1H				
Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
5 (a)		365	M1	fx with x consistent within intervals eg 200×1 , 300×11 , 400×5 , 500×0 , 600×3 , if 200, 3300, 2000, 0, 1800 are seen without working then condone 1 error (dep) $\Sigma fx \div \Sigma f$ eg "7300" $\div 20$ cao for comment about outliers affecting mean
Q1			M1	
(b)		Comment	A1 C1	

Paper: 1MA1/3H				
Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
1 (a)		$160 < h \leq 170$	B1	correct class interval
(b)		Line segments joining the points (135, 4), (145, 11), (155, 24), (165, 22) and (175, 19)	C2 [C1	for fully correct frequency polygon for points plotted correctly at midpoints of intervals OR joining points with line segments at the correct heights and consistent within the intervals (including end values) OR correct frequency polygon with one point incorrect OR correct frequency polygon with first and last point joined]
Q2				NB: ignore any histogram drawn and any part of frequency polygon outside range of first and last points plotted

Paper: 1MA1/1H				
Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
7		72	P1	for showing the process of $30 \times 60 (=1800)$ or $20 \times 54 (=1080)$
Q3			P1	(dep P1) for showing the complete process e.g. (" 1800 " – " 1080 ") $\div 10$
			A1	concluding the answer is 72 (and not 66)

Paper 1MA1: 3H				
Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
3 (a)		12	B1	cao
Q4 (b)		Explanation	C1	No with statement about not being mutually exclusive events eg a person could be in both categories

Paper: 1MA1/1H					
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance	
11	(a)	59, 53, 66	B2	for Median = 59, LQ = 53, UQ = 66, may be seen in working	
			(B1	for one correct)	
	(b)	Yes, with reason	C1	for Yes and comment comparing median ages, ft from (a) Acceptable examples “59” < 70 All statistics/values are lower for coach A (so they are younger) Median is lower The middle age is lower on coach A Not acceptable examples Median is higher Median for coach A is “59” and coach B is 70 The oldest on coach A is 79 and the oldest on coach B is 85 There are people on coach B that are older than on coach A	
Q5	(c)	No, with reason	C1	for No and comment comparing spreads of ages from ranges or IQRs, ft from (a) Acceptable examples 38 < 43 or “13” < 19 Greater difference between greatest and least age for coach B Range for coach B is larger than coach A The range of ages is wider on coach B than on coach A The range is 5 greater on coach B There is a smaller difference between the lower and upper quantiles on coach A than on coach B The IQR is shorter for coach A Not acceptable examples Quartiles are less for coach A 53 < 54 or 79 < 85 (oe) Range for coach A is 38 and range for coach B is 43 Coach A ranges from 41-79 but coach B ranges from 42-85	Working A: Range = 38, IQR = “13” B: Range = 43, IQR = 19

Paper: 1MA1/3H					
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance	
3	(a)	$40 < h \leq 50$	B1	accept 40 – 50 oe	
Q6	(b)	<p>polygon drawn</p> <p>(15,7), (25,13)</p> <p>(35,14), (45,12)</p> <p>(55,16), (65,18)</p>	B2	for fully correct polygon with points plotted at the midpoints	Joining must be with line segments
			(B1)	<p>for points plotted correctly but not joined by straight lines</p> <p>or joining points at correct heights consistently within intervals including plotting at end values</p> <p>or correct frequency polygon with one point incorrect</p> <p>or correct frequency polygon with first and last points joined directly)</p>	<p>for example, at 10, 20, 30,...or at 20, 30, 40,...</p> <p>Ignore any histogram drawn and any part of frequency polygon outside range of first and last points plotted</p>

Paper: 1MA1/1H				
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance
7	20 or 24 or 168	B1	for identification of the range of the girls (20) or the range (24) or the median (168) of the boys	
Q7	Comparison	C2	for a correct comparison of medians and a correct comparison of ranges supported by correct figures eg the median height for girls (165) is less than the median height for boys (168) and the range for girls (20) is less than the range for boys (24) At least one comparison must be in context referring to height or quoting cm.	Simply quoting values for median, range is insufficient; they must be compared.
		(C1	for a correct comparison of medians or a correct comparison of ranges that could fit their incorrect figure(s))	Context not necessary for C1

Paper: 1MA1/3H				
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance
7	16.5	M1	for method to find total of ages of boys, eg $18 \times 16.2 (= 291.6)$ or total of ages of girls, eg $27 \times 16.7 (= 450.9)$ or total of ages of boys and girls, eg 742.5	May use an equivalent method with number of boys and girls used in the ratio 2 : 3 $\frac{16.2+16.7}{2}$ scores 0 marks
Q8		M1	for complete method, eg $\frac{"291.6"+"450.9"}{45} (= \frac{742.5}{45})$	
		A1	cao	

Paper: 1MA1/3H				
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance
Q9	4 (a) 5	M1	“2” \div 40 \times 100	“2” comes from their reading of the height of the 20 to 24 column
		A1	cao	
	(b) 9.5 shown	M1	for frequencies of 11, 8, 13, 6 and 2 (allow one error) or for midpoints 2, 7, 12, 17 and 22	May be seen on chart
		M1	for finding at least 4 products fx consistently within interval (including end points)	
		M1	for $\Sigma“fx” \div (“11” + “8” + “13” + “6” + “2”)$ or $(11 \times 2 + 8 \times 7 + 13 \times 12 + 6 \times 17 + 2 \times 22) \div 40$ or $\Sigma“fx” (=380)$ and $9.5 \times (“11” + “8” + “13” + “6” + “2”)$ (=380)	
C1	for correct figures showing the answer or accurate figures to compare from correct working eg 380 from two calculations			

Paper: 1MA1/1H				
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance
6	No (supported)	P1	for process to find total weight of the 4 red bricks, eg. $5 \times 4 (= 20)$ or for process to find total weight of the 5 blue bricks eg. $9 \times 5 (= 45)$	May be seen next to statements 20 must be clearly referenced to the red bricks. $5 + 9 + 6 = 20$ gets no marks
Q10		P1	for process to find total weight of all 10 bricks, eg. “20” + “45” + 6 (= 71)	Candidates working in grams will need to give 7100 and 7000 for example as comparable figures
		C1	No with correct supporting evidence Acceptable examples No, it is 7.1 She is wrong, it is 0.1 more No, (the total weight is) 71 not 70 Not acceptable examples Yes No, it is 71	

Paper: 1MA1/3H														
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance										
4 Q11	18.6	M1	for finding 4 products within intervals (including end points)	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Min fx</th> <th>Max fx</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>20</td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>105</td> <td>140</td> </tr> <tr> <td>160</td> <td>200</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Min fx	Max fx	5	10	20	30	105	140	160	200
		Min fx	Max fx											
		5	10											
20	30													
105	140													
160	200													
M1	for $\Sigma“fx” \div (1 + 2 + 7 + 8)$ or $(7.5 \times 1 + 12.5 \times 2 + 17.5 \times 7 + 22.5 \times 8) \div (1 + 2 + 7 + 8)$ or $(“7.5” + “25” + “122.5” + “180”) \div “18”$ or $“335” \div “18”$	<p>$\Sigma“fx”$ must come from 4 products fx within intervals (including end points)</p>												
A1	for 18.6(111...)													

Paper: 1MA1/3H				
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance
8	158	P1	for a first step in the process eg $50 \times 167.6 (= 8380)$ or $20 \times 182 (= 3640)$	
Q12		P1	for a complete process eg $(50 \times 167.6 - 20 \times 182) \div 30$ or $\frac{8380 - 3640}{30}$ or $4740 \div 30$	
		A1	cao	

Paper: 1MA1/1H																
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance												
8 Q13	19	M1	for a method to find 5 products within intervals (including end points)	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Min fx</th> <th>Max fx</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>80</td> </tr> <tr> <td>100</td> <td>200</td> </tr> <tr> <td>140</td> <td>210</td> </tr> <tr> <td>60</td> <td>80</td> </tr> <tr> <td>120</td> <td>150</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>$\Sigma "fx"$ must come from 5 products fx within intervals (including end points)</p>	Min fx	Max fx	0	80	100	200	140	210	60	80	120	150
		Min fx	Max fx													
		0	80													
100	200															
140	210															
60	80															
120	150															
M1	for $\Sigma "fx" \div (8 + 10 + 7 + 2 + 3)$ or $(5 \times 8 + 15 \times 10 + 25 \times 7 + 35 \times 2 + 45 \times 3) \div (8 + 10 + 7 + 2 + 3)$ or $(\text{"40"} + \text{"150"} + \text{"175"} + \text{"70"} + \text{"135"}) \div \text{"30"}$ or $\text{"570"} \div \text{"30"}$															
A1	cao															