Paper: 1MA	Paper: 1MA1/3F							
Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes				
21		648	M2	a complete method, eg $12.5 \times 1000 \div 19.3$				
Q1			[M1	for using volume = mass/density, eg $12500 \div 19.3$ (condone inconsistent units or incorrect conversions) may be implied by digits 647 or 648]!				
			A1	for answer in range 647 to 648				

Paper	Paper: 1MA1/2F							
Question Answer Mark		Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance				
9	(a)	62	M1 A1	for distance \div time eg 186 \div 3 or 186 \div (3× 60)(=1.03) cao	May use hours or minutes at this point			
Q2	(b)	232	M1 A1	for speed × time eg 58×4 or $58 \times 4 \times 60$ (=13920) cao	May use hours or minutes at this point			

Paper: 1MA1	Paper: 1MA1/3F								
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance					
11 (a)	3 hrs 16 mins	P1	$196 - 60 - 60 - 60$ (=16) oe or $196 \div 60$ (= 3.26 or 3.27)						
Q3		A1	or states 3 hours in their answer (with an incorrect number of minutes or minutes left blank)3 hours 16 minutes						
(b)	$\frac{x}{2}$	B1	$\frac{x}{2}$ oe						

Paper: 1MA1/	Paper: 1MA1/1F							
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance				
14 (a)	81	M1	for 54 × [time] eg 54 × $l\frac{1}{2}$ oe,	[time] could be $1\frac{1}{2}$ oe or any other time that				
			or $54 + 54 \div 2$ oe	has been changed from $1\frac{1}{2}$, eg 90 (mins) or				
				1.30 or 130				
		A1	cao					
(b)	1.5	P1	for use of scale eg $6 \times 25\ 000\ (=150\ 000)$					
			or					
			for $25\ 000 \div 100\ 000\ (= 0.25)$					
Q4			or 25 000 ÷ 100 (= 250)					
V T			or 25 000 ÷ 1000 (= 25)					
		P1	for "150 000" ÷ 100 000 (= 1.5)					
			or "150 000" ÷ 100 (= 1500)					
			or "150 000" ÷ 1000 (= 150)					
			or					
			for $[0.25] \times 6 (= 1.5)$	[0.25] could be found by				
				dividing 25 000 by 100 (= 250) or dividing 25 000 by 1000 (= 25)				
		A1	for 1.5 oe	or drytung 25 000 by 1000 (= 25)				

Paper: 1MA1/1F							
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance			
16 (a)	(0)8 45	P1 P1	for $50 \div 40 \ (= 1.25)$ oe or (time =) (0)8 30 (after travelling for) 40 miles for a process to convert their time to minutes or hours and minutes, eg "1.25" × 60 (= 75 mins = 1 hr 15 mins) or for $\frac{10}{40}$ × 60 (= 15 mins)	May be seen as a build-up method and may state 1 hour 15 mins			
		A1	for (0)8 45 oe	SC: B2 for answer of (0)8 55 (= 7.30 + 1.25)			
(b) Q5		Explanation C1	Acceptable examples It will be earlier Time will be reduced He will get there quicker/faster He will arrive at a different time The journey will be shorter so he will arrive earlier	Explanations must be unambiguous			
			Not acceptable examples He will arrive later The time will increase				

Paper: 1MA1	Paper: 1MA1/1F							
Question	Question Answer Man		Mark scheme	Additional guidance				
9 (a)	6	M1	for method to find distance, eg $4 \times$ time difference or 30 mins = 2 miles	10.30 am – 9 am may be seen as 1.5(hr) or 1(hr) 30 (min) or 90 (min) or $\frac{3}{2}$ (hr) or $1\frac{1}{2}$ (hr)				
Q6		A1	cao					
(b)	12 35 pm	M1	for method to add time using consistent units eg 11 20 or 50 + 75 or 2 hours 5 mins					
		A1	12 35 pm or 12 35 (h)	Allow 12 35 but not 12 35 am				

Paper 1MA	Paper 1MA1: 2F							
Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes				
20 (a)		57.1	P1	for a process to find time from Liverpool to Manchester, eg. $56 \div 70 (= 0.8 \text{ (hrs) or } 48 \text{ (mins)})$				
			P1	for a process to find the total distance, eg $56 + 61 (= 117)$				
				or the total time, eg"48" + 75 (= 123) or "0.8" + $\frac{75}{60}$ (= 2.05), with consistent units of time				
Q7			P1	(dep P2) for a correct process to find average speed with consistent units of time, eg. "117" ÷ "2.05" or . "117" ÷ "123"				
			A1	for answer in the range 57 to 57.1				
(b)		explanation	C1	for explaining that the time taken for the two parts of the journey must be the same or the distance from Leeds to York is $\frac{3}{4}$ the distance from Barnsley to York oe				

Paper: 1MA1/3	Paper: 1MA1/3F						
Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes			
20		1.01	P1	fruit syrup 15×1.4 (= 21) or water 280×0.99 (= 277.2) or apple juice 25×1.05 (= 26.25)			
Q8			P1	(dep P1) for complete process to find the total mass e.g. "277.2" + "26.25" + "21" (= 324.45) or a weighted density eg $15 \times 1.4 \div 320$ (= 0.065625) or $280 \times 0.99 \div 320$ (= 0.86625) or $25 \times 1.05 \div 320$ (= 0.08203125)			
			P1 A1	(dep P2) for complete process to find the density eg "324.45" ÷ 320 (=1.01) or "0.065625" + "0.86625" + "0.08203125" (= 1.0139) 1.01 to 1.014			

Paper: 1MA1	Paper: 1MA1/1F							
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance				
24 (a)	16 to 20	P1	for using time = $\frac{\text{distance}}{\text{speed}}$, eg $\frac{1}{200}$ or $\frac{1}{213}$ or for 1 hour = 60 × 60 (= 3600) seconds					
Q9		P1	complete process, eg $\frac{1}{200} \times 60 \times 60$ oe or $\frac{1}{213} \times 60 \times 60$	Calculation could be done in stages.				
		A1	for answer in range 16 to 20					
(b)	decision with reason	C1	(dep on correct use of time = $\frac{\text{distance}}{\text{speed}}$) for reason related to their response to part(a), eg overestimate as speed rounded down					

Paper: 1MA1/	/3F			
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance
24 (a)	2 mins 48 secs	P1	for an appropriate first step eg 700 ÷ 475 (=1.47) or 475 ÷ [time] (= 4.16 m/s) or [time] ÷ 475 (= 0.24 s/m)	[time] what candidate indicates as time of first race Units are not needed and can be ignored if given
		P1	for a complete process to find the required time eg 700 ÷ 475 × [time] (=168) or 700 ÷ (475 ÷ [time]) (=168) or [time] ÷ 475 ×700 (=168)	Allow calculation in stages and appropriate rounding.
		A1	сао	
(b)	Statement	C1	eg takes less time Acceptable examples Ouicker time	
Q10			Quicker time Faster time Reduces my answer to part (a) Not acceptable examples It is an underestimate The amount of time could/may increase Laura goes faster	

Paper: 1MA1	Paper: 1MA1/1F							
Question Answer M		Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance				
22 (a)	Estimated value	P1	for using a rounded value in a correct process eg $3000 \div 15$ or 15×8 or 20×8	Their rounded value must be used in a calculation				
				Rounding may appear after a correct process eg $15.12 \times 8 = 120.96 \approx 100$ followed by eg $3069.25 \div 100$				
Q11		P1	for a full process to find the number of days eg "3000" ÷ "15" ÷ "10" (= 20) or "3000" ÷ "15" ÷ 8 (= 25)	Accept 3069.25 ÷ 15.12 ÷ 8 oe				
		A1	for a correct answer following through their rounded values					
(b)	Explanation	C1	eg less days required or it doesn't affect the answer because I would still round 16.27 down to 15 (or up to 20)	Refers to time taken				

Paper: 1MA	Paper: 1MA1/2F								
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance					
25	No (supported)	P1	For a process to calculate the initial or new pressure, eg $(70 + 10) \div (20+10)$ (=2.6 to 2.7) or $80 \div 30$ (=2.6 to 2.7) or $70 \div 20$ (=3.5)	Accept any value in the range 2.6 to 2.7 if unsupported by working					
Q12		P1	For a complete process to make a comparison eg. $0.8 \times ``3.5"$ (=2.8) OR $\frac{("3.5"-"2.6")}{"3.5"} \times 100$ (=22 to 26) OR $``3.5" \times 0.2$ (=0.7) and $80 \div 30$ (=2.6 to 2.7) OR $\frac{"2.6"}{"3.5"}$ (× 100) (=0.74 to 0.78 or 74 to 78)						
		A1	for a correct conclusion supported by accurate figures eg 2.8 and 2.6(6) OR decrease is 24% (or 22% to 26%) OR 0.7 and 2.6 to 2.7 and 3.5 OR 0.7 and 0.9 OR 0.76 (or 0.74 to 0.78) OR 76% (or 74% to 78%)	Allow truncation or rounding of figures					

Pape: 1MA1/1F							
Que.tion	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance			
16 (a)	45	B1	cao				
(b) Q13	50	M1 A1	for an attempt to find the gradient eg " 25 " ÷ " 0.5 " ft their readings from the travel graph; use of speed-time formula eg $25 \div 30$ (ignore units if shown) cao	could be shown in working or on the graph using any acceptable triangle; could be shown by multiples of 25, 0.5 or multiples of ft figures			

Paper: 1MA1/3F						
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance		
24	2 hours 45 minutes	P1	for $30 \div 24 (= 1.25)$ or $12 \div 8 (= 1.5)$	May be written in hours and/or minutes		
Q14		P1	for finding the sum of their two times eg "1.25" + "1.5" (= 2.75) or 165 (minutes)	or 3 h 15 min or 2 h 75 min		
		A1	cao			

Paper: 1MA1	Paper: 1MA1/3F						
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance			
29 Q15	96	M1 M1	for a complete process to find the volume eg $6 \times 4 \times 10 \div 2$ (= 120) for a complete process, eg $(6 \times 4 \times 10 \div 2) \times 0.8$				
QIS		A1	cao SC B1 for 192				

Paper: 1MA1	/2F			
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance
23 (a)	80	M1	for a complete method eg $\frac{20}{15} \times 60$ or 20×4 or $20 \div \frac{1}{4}$	
		A1	cao	
(b)	Travel graph	M1	for method to find distance travelled in last 20 minutes,	Can be implied by a distance of 25km drawn on the graph
Q16			eg 75 × $\frac{20}{60}$ (= 25)	on die graph
		C2	for a fully correct travel graph	
		(C1	for horizontal straight line from (10 15, 20) to (10 25, 20) or for a line of the correct length and gradient to indicate a speed of 75km/h eg straight line from (10 25, 20) to (10 45, 45))	

Paper: 1MA1/	Paper: 1MA1/1F						
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance			
25	1250	P1	for process to use area of base in the formula, eg $\frac{10000}{2\times4}$				
Q17		A1	cao				

Paper: 1MA1/3F						
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance		
19 (a)	15	B1	cao			
(b)	4.6	B1	for an answer in the range 4.4 to 4.8			
(c) Q18	12	M1	for a method to calculate speed eg distance \div time (could be implied from figures used) eg 4 \div 20 (= 0.2) oe, 4 \div 0.33() oe or 4 \div 1/3 oe	Accept readings from the graph as an indication at this stage		
		A1	cao			

Paper: 1MA1	Paper: 1MA1/1F					
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance		
29	3:2	P1	for a process to find either volume eg 3^3 (= 27) or 4^3 (= 64)			
Q19		P1	for showing density $\mathbf{A} = 81 \div ``27'' (= 3)$ or density $\mathbf{B} = 128 \div ``64'' (= 2)$			
		A1	for 3 : 2 oe	Ignore units quoted		

Paper: 1MA	Paper: 1MA1/3F						
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance			
27 Q20	10	P1 P1 P1 P1	for a process to use distance = speed × time for either of the parts of Jessica's journey, eg. $6 \times \frac{15}{60}$ (= 1.5) or $9 \times \frac{40}{60}$ (= 6) or 6×15 (= 90) or 9×40 (= 360) for a process to add the 2 distances for Jessica, eg $6 \times \frac{15}{60} + 9 \times \frac{40}{60}$ (= 7.5) or $6 \times 15 + 9 \times 40$ (= 450) for complete process to find Amy's average speed, eg. "7.5" ÷ "0.75" oe or "450" ÷ 45	Must be consistent units at this stage.			
		A1	cao				

Paper: 1MA1/	Paper: 1MA1/3F						
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance			
27	50	B1	for finding the time difference, eg, 1hr 18 mins or 78 mins oe	Allow 1.18 for this mark 118 scores B0			
		P1	for correct process to convert minutes to hours, eg $18 \div 60 \ (=0.3)$ or $78 \div 60 \ (=1.3)$ or for a correct process to convert speed in miles per minute to mph eg "0.833" × 60	For a conversion of time or speed			
Q21		P1 A1	for using speed = distance \div time eg, $65 \div$ [time] or $65 \div 78$ (=0.833) cao SCB2 for 83(.333) seen as the answer	[time] is what the candidate clearly indicates as time difference			