Paper: 1MA1/2H				
Question	**Working**	**Answer**	**Mark**	**Notes**
3 **Q1**		Side elevation	C2 [C1	for the side elevation (4 cm by 2 cm rectangle with a solid line drawn 1 cm from the 2 cm edge, and correct orientation) for the side elevation as a rectangle]
		Front elevation	C2 [C1	for the front elevation as a trapezium in correct orientation with base 4 cm, parallel sides 1 cm and 4 cm for the front elevation as a trapezium with two right angles] [Ignore incorrect or no labelling]

Paper: 1MA1/1H				
Question	**Answer**	**Mark**	**Mark scheme**	**Additional guidance**
5 (a)	isosceles triangle, base 6 cm, height 4 cm	M1	for drawing an isosceles triangle **or** for drawing a triangle of base 6cm and height 4cm	Accept a freehand drawing Only a single triangle is acceptable; do **not** accept any attempted nets or 3-D diagrams
		A1	for a fully correct diagram	Condone a perpendicular drawn from base to vertex
(b) **Q2**	96 cm^2	M1	for a method to find the area of a triangular face eg ½ × 6 × 5 (= 15)	
		M1	(dep) for finding the total surface area eg 4 × "15" + 6 × 6	
		A1	for a numerical answer of 96 SC B1 for an answer of 84 if M0 scored	Ignore incorrect or absent units for this mark [The SC is from: 4 × ½ × 6 × 4 + 6 × 6]
		B1	cm^2	Ignore incorrect or absent numerical answer for this mark

Paper: 1MA1/1H				
Question	**Answer**	**Mark**	**Mark scheme**	**Additional guidance**
4 **Q3**	sketch	M1 A1	for sketch of a cylinder sketch of cylinder, with dimensions shown	Hidden edges may or may not be shown 2 (cm) for radius or 4 (cm) for diameter and 5 (cm) for height

Paper: 1MA1/2H				
Question	**Answer**	**Mark**	**Mark scheme**	**Additional guidance**
2 **Q4**	Elevation	B2 (B1	fully correct side elevation 5 high and 3 wide for a rectangle 5 high and 3 wide or correct side elevation in the wrong orientation)