

| Paper: 1MA1/3F | | | | |
|----------------|--------|------|--|--|
| Question | Answer | Mark | Mark scheme | Additional guidance |
| 22 | 7.5 | M1 | for correct use of Pythagoras, eg $8.5^2 - 4^2 (= 56.25)$ or $4^2 + x^2 = 8.5^2$ | Must have values substituted Trigonometry may be used but M1 only awarded when complete method shown. |
| Q1 | | A1 | for 7.5 or $7\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{15}{2}$ | |

| Paper: 1MA1/1F | | | | |
|----------------|---------|--------|------|---|
| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| 25 | | 70.5 | P1 | starts process of Pythagoras e.g. $5^2 + 12^2$ |
| Q2 | | | P1 | complete process for Pythagoras e.g. $\sqrt{5^2 + 12^2}$ or $\sqrt{25+144}$ or $\sqrt{169} (=13)$ |
| | | | P1 | (dep P1 for Pythagoras) process of adding all the lengths e.g. $5 + 5 + 12 + 12 + "13" (=47)$ |
| | | | P1 | (indep) process of multiplying at least 2 lengths by 1.5 |
| | | | A1 | ca SC: any evidence of working with Pythagoras award the P1 or P2 |

| Paper: 1MA1/2F | | | | |
|----------------|--------|------|--|--|
| Question | Answer | Mark | Mark scheme | Additional guidance |
| 25 | 41.6 | P1 | for start of process to find the length of the hypotenuse, eg $(\text{hyp}^2 =) 8^2 + 10^2 (= 164)$ | Note lengths may be seen on the diagram |
| Q3 | | P1 | for complete process to find hypotenuse, eg $\sqrt{8^2 + 10^2}$ or $\sqrt{64+100}$ or $2\sqrt{41}$ or $\sqrt{164} (= 12.8\dots)$ | |
| | | P1 | (dep P2) for complete process to find the required perimeter, eg $8 + 8 + 10 + "12.8" + "12.8 - 10"$ or $16 + 4\sqrt{41}$ | 8 + 8 + "12.8" + "12.8" oe is acceptable for this mark |
| | | A1 | for answer in the range 41 to 42 | If an answer in the range 41 to 42 is given in the working space then incorrectly rounded, award full marks. |

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|-----------------|--------------------|------|---|--|---------------------|
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| 19 Q4 | 34 cm ² | P1 | for finding one area eg $8 \times 8 (= 64)$ or $0.5 \times 3 \times 5$ (=7.5) | for first stage in working with Pythagoras eg sight of $3^2 + 5^2$ or $9 + 25$ | |