



GCSE (9-1) Mathematics

J560/04 Paper 4 (Higher Tier)

Thursday 24 May 2018 – Morning

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

You may use:

- · a scientific or graphical calculator
- · geometrical instruments
- tracing paper



First name	
Last name	
Centre number	Candidate number

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink. You may use an HB pencil for graphs and diagrams.
- Complete the boxes above with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all the questions.
- Read each question carefully before you start to write your answer.
- Where appropriate, your answers should be supported with working. Marks may be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if required but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- · Do **not** write in the barcodes.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- Use the π button on your calculator or take π to be 3.142 unless the question says otherwise.
- · This document consists of 20 pages.



Answer all the questions.

1	(a)	The ratio 2 centimetres to 5 metres can be write	tten i	n the form 1 : <i>n</i> .	
		Find the value of <i>n</i> .			
			(a)	n =	[2]
	(b)	Jay, Sheila and Harry share £7200 in the ratio	1:2	: 5.	
		How much does Harry receive?			
			(b)	£	[2]
2	Giv	en that $y^{18} \div y^6 = y^k$, find the value of k .			

3	(a)	(i)	Write 120 as a product of its prime factors.
			(a)(i)[3]
		(ii)	The lowest common multiple (LCM) of x and 120 is 360.
			Find the smallest possible value of <i>x</i> .
			(ii)[2]
	(b)	Two	numbers, A and B, are written as a product of prime factors.
			$A = 2^4 \times 3^2 \times 7^2$ $B = 2^3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7$
		Fine	d the highest common factor (HCF) of A and B.

(b) [2] Turn over

4	Lee wishes to find out if there is a relationship between a person's age and the time it takes them
	to complete a puzzle.

Lee decides to conduct an experiment.

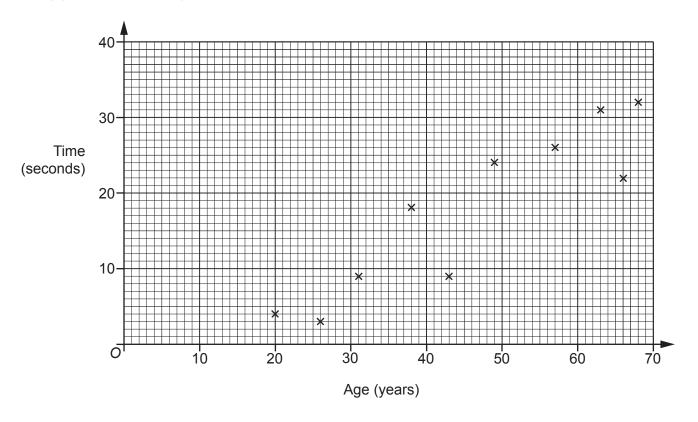
She asks 12 people to complete the puzzle.

She records each person's age and the time taken to complete the puzzle.

(a)	Make	one	criticism	of I	Lee's	method	ł
	u,	IVIGIC	OHIC	CHICISIII		_000	111011101	

 	 	[1]

(b) This scatter diagram shows the results for ten of the people in Lee's experiment.



Here are the other two results.

Age (years)	47	60
Time (seconds)	21	34

Plot these res	sults on	the	scatter	diagram.
----------------	----------	-----	---------	----------

[2]

(c) What type of correlation is shown in the scatter diagram?

	·	
(0)		11
161		

(d)	Estimate the time it would take a person aged 35 to complete the puzzle.	
	Show your working to justify your answer.	
	(d)	[2]
(e)	Lee says that at least 80% of the 12 people completed the puzzle in under 30 seconds.	
	Is Lee correct? Show working to support your answer.	
		F01

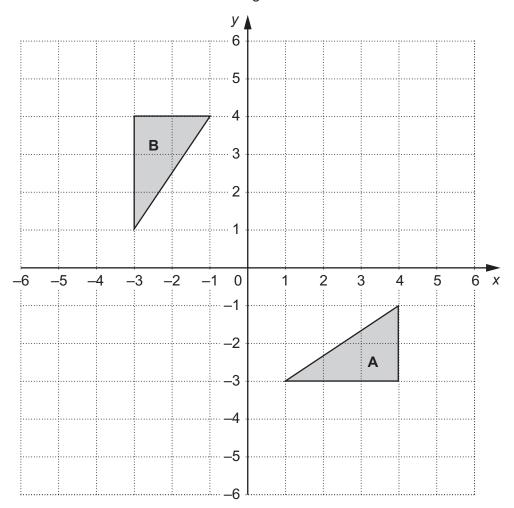
The scale diagram below shows two cities, P and Q.

5

Г		
	Scale: 1 cm represents 125 kr	n
	D	
	P _•	
	. Q	
_		
pl	ane departs from P at 09 47 and arrives at Q at 12 07.	
1)	Work out the average speed, in kilometres per hour, of the plane.	

	(a)	km/h [5]
(b)	Give one reason why your answer may be inaccurate	te.
		[1]

6 Triangles A and B are drawn on a coordinate grid.



(a)	Describe fully	/ the single	transformation	that mane	trianala A	onto triangle B .
(a)	Describe runy	, the single	uansionnauon	tilat illaps	ulaliqic A	Unito thanqie D .

[2]

(b) Triangle A can also be mapped onto triangle B using a combination of two transformations:

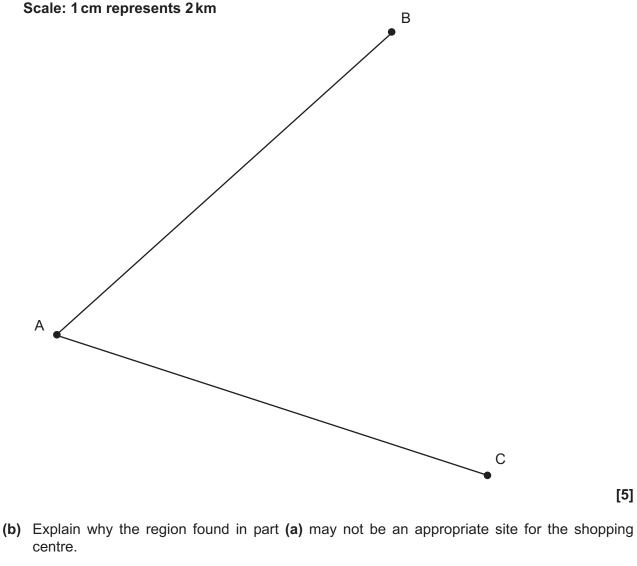
- a transformation T, followed by
- a reflection in the line x = 0.

Describe fully transformation T.

7 The scale diagram below shows towns, A, B and C. Line AB represents the road from A to B and line AC represents the road from A to C.

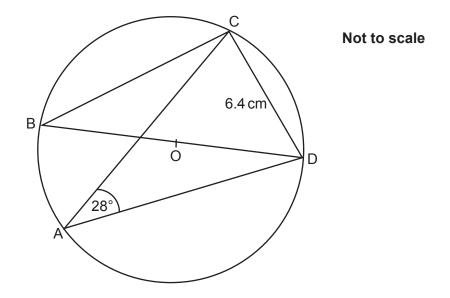
A shopping centre is to be built so that it is

- nearer to the road from A to B than the road from A to C,
- less than 14 km from town C.
- (a) Using construction, shade the region where the shopping centre could be built. Show all your construction lines.



Q

8 A, B, C and D are points on the circumference of a circle, centre O.



Angle CAD = 28° and CD = 6.4 cm. BD is a diameter of the circle.

Calculate the area of the circle.

0	m ²	[5]
	111	IJ

9 The dimensions, in centimetres, of this rectangle are shown as algebraic expressions.

	5 <i>x</i> - <i>y</i> -8	Not to scale
3x+y-4		2x-6y-3
	3 <i>x</i> + 5 <i>y</i> + 4	J

Work out the length and width of the rectangle.

length =	C	m
width = .	C	m

10	60% of the people in a town are males. 20% of the males are left-handed. 21.6% of all the people are left-handed.
	Work out the percentage of the people who are not male who are left-handed.

......% [5]

11	y is	directly proportional to the square of <i>x</i> .
	Find	d the percentage increase in <i>y</i> when <i>x</i> is increased by 15%.
		% [4]
12	The	e value of a car, £V, is given by
		$V = 16500 \times 0.82^n$
	whe	ere <i>n</i> is the number of years after it is bought from new.
	(a)	Write down the value of the car when new.
		(a) £[1]
	(b)	Write down the annual percentage decrease in the value of the car.
		(b)% [1]
	(c)	Show that the value of the car after 4 years is less than half its value when new. [2]
	(0)	[2]

TO / TITIOTICA TICAO	13	A menu	has
----------------------	----	--------	-----

•	6	sta	rter	٠,

- 10 main dishes
- 7 desserts.

(a) /	A three-course meal	consists	of a starter,	a main	dish and	a desser
-------	---------------------	----------	---------------	--------	----------	----------

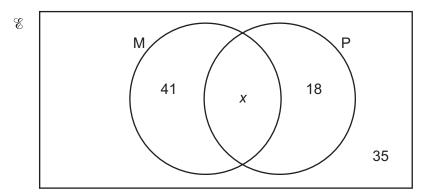
How many different three-course meals are possible?

(a)[2]

(b) A two-course meal consists either of a starter with a main dish, a starter with a dessert or a main dish with a dessert.

Show that there are 172 possible different two-course meals. [3]

The Venn diagram shows the number of students studying Mathematics (M) and the number of students studying Physics (P) in a college.35 students do not study either subject.



(a) The	total	number	of	students	is	121.
----	-------	-------	--------	----	----------	----	------

Find the value of *x*.

(a)
$$x = \dots [1]$$

(b) One of the 121 students is selected at random.

Find the probability that this student studies Mathematics, given that they study Physics.

(b)[2]

15 (a) Write $x^2 - 8x + 25$ in the form $(x - a)^2$

(b) Write down the coordinates of the turning point of the graph of $y = x^2 - 8x + 25$.

(c) Hence describe the single transformation which maps the graph of $y = x^2$ onto the graph of $y = x^2 - 8x + 25$.

.....[2]

16	Solve	bν	facto	risa	ation
10	JUIVE	ν	Tacio	nioc	auon

$$3x^2 + 11x - 20 = 0$$

$$x =$$
 or $x =$ [3]

17 For each graph below, select its possible equation from this list.

$$y = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$y = \cos x$$

$$y = x^2$$

$$y = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{x}$$

$$y = 2^x$$

$$y = \sin x$$

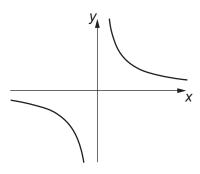
$$v = 2^{-x}$$

$$v = \tan x$$

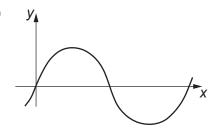
$$y = x^3$$

$$y = \cos x$$
 $y = x^2$ $y = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x$ $y = 2^x$ $y = 2^{-x}$ $y = \tan x$ $y = x^3$ $y = \frac{1}{x^2}$

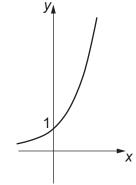
(a)



(b)

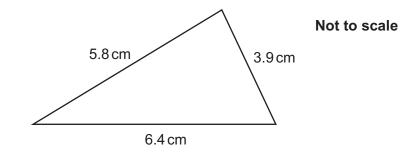


(c)



[3]

18 Calculate the area of this triangle.



.....cm² [6]

19 Here are the first four terms of a quadratic sequence.

0 9 22 39

The *n*th term can be written as $an^2 + bn + c$.

Find the values of *a*, *b* and *c*.

a =

b =

c =[4]

20 Solve this equation, giving your answers correct to 1 decimal place.

$$\frac{5}{x+2} + \frac{3}{x-3} = 2$$

$$x = \dots$$
 or $x = \dots$ [6]

END OF QUESTION PAPER



Copyright Information

OCR is committed to seeking permission to reproduce all third-party content that it uses in its assessment materials. OCR has attempted to identify and contact all copyright holders whose work is used in this paper. To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced in the OCR Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download from our public website (www.ocr.org.uk) after the live examination series. If OCR has unwittingly failed to correctly acknowledge or clear any third-party content in this assessment material, OCR will be happy to correct its mistake at the earliest possible opportunity.

For queries or further information please contact the Copyright Team, First Floor, 9 Hills Road, Cambridge CB2 1GE.

OCR is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group; Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.